REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of imformation in assume that gathering and maintaining the data necess. and completing and reviewing the collection of information, including suggestions for reducing tiffs burden, the Washing Suggestion of information. Including suggestions for reducing tiffs burden, the Washington of Information.

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1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE 3. REPORT TYPE AND				
	October, 1997	Final Report	<u>6/30/9</u> 4-9/29-97		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5. FUNDING NUMBERS		
Modification of High T $_{ m c}$ Implantation	Superconductors by Id	on .	F49620-94-1-0373		
6. AUTHOR(S)					

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AFOSR-TR-97

7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Board of Trustees of Leland Stanford Junior University 857 Serra Stanford, CA 94305-4125

0554

9. SPONSORING MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

AFOSR/NE 110 Duncan Avenue, Suite B115 Bolling AFB, DC 20332-0001 Dr. Harold Weinstock

10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER

11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

124. DISTRIBUTION . AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Unlimited

12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE

13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)

The transport properties of La-Ca manganites with the perovskite structure have been investigated over a wide range of temperatures above room temperature, and over the whole La-Ca concentration range. They can be understood in terms of a model proposed by Emin and Holstein in which the charge carriers are small polarons diffusing by adiabatic hops. For the first time it has been demonstrated that polaron hopping in the presence of strong on-site coulomb interaction results in Mott-Hubbard insulating behavior.

19971103 087

14. SUBJECT TERMS polaron hopping, man	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 4 16. PRICE CODE		
concentration depend 17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT unclassified	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE unclassified	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT unclassified	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT unlimited

FINAL REPORT

to the

AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

for a program in

MODIFICATION OF HIGH T $_{\rm c}$ SUPERCONDUCTORS BY ION IMPLANTATION

for the period 6/30/94-9/29/97

under

AASERT GRANT F49620-94-1-0373

Principal Investigator Professor T. H. Geballe

Edward L. Ginzton Laboratory Stanford University Stanford, CA 94305-4085

DITO QUALITIY ENSPIRED 8

October 1997

Final Report

MODIFICATION OF HIGH T_c SUPERCONDUCTORS BY ION IMPLANTATION

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The reported ability to introduce large concentrations of cations with good control over space and site occupancy into the superconducting cuprate perovskite family by ion implantation without causing undue damage to the structure was the basis for our initial work. However, further developments ^{1,2} showed that the perovskite structures were severely damaged by the large doping and that the results were due to miscalculation of the range of implant. As a result, the investigation was shifted to studies of the manganate perovskites which undergo an insulator-metal transition and show colossal magneto resistance when properly doped. Like the high Tc cuprates, these compounds are highly correlated and show unusual magnetic and transport data. When properly doped they order magnetically at temperatures up to room temperature. Although they show no superconducting behavior under presently known conditions, they can be grown as epitaxial heterostructures with superconductors.

The transport properties of La_{0.67}Ca_{0.33}MnO₃ were studied over a wide range of temperatures above the Curie temperature of 262 K and fit to the Emin-Holstein model of adiabatic small polaron hopping using quite reasonable parameters.³ In the final year the conductivity measurements from 300 K to 1200 K of La_cCa_{1-c}MnO₃ thin films, with doping from c = 0 to c = 1, show that the entire doping range fits the adiabatic small polaron model $\sigma = (A/T)\exp(-E_a/kT)$. Furthermore the c dependence of c explicitly shows the effects of on-site coulomb repulsion, i.e. a polaron cannot hop into an occupied site. Instead of increasing monotonically as more carriers are introduced, c starts to decrease at c = 0.8 and is reduced to almost zero when the lattice is full.⁴ The approach to zero of c as c approaches 1 shows that the strong on-site coulomb interaction results in Mott-Hubbard-like insulator behavior.

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- 2. Private Communication with Dr. L. King at Conductus.
- 3. D.C. Worledge, G. Jeffrey Snyder, M.R. Beasley, and T.H. Geballe, "Anneal-Tunable Curie Temperature and Transport of La_{0.67}Ca_{0.33}MnO₃" J. Appl. Phys 80, 5158-5161 (November 1, 1996).
- 4. D.C. Worledge, L. Mieville, and T.H. Geballe, "On-site Coulomb Repulsion in the Small Polaron System La_cCa_{1-c}MnO₃," (in press) *Phys. Rev. Lett*.

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Publications:

- 1. D.C. Worledge, G. Jeffrey Snyder, M.R. Beasley, and T.H. Geballe, "Anneal-Tunable Curie Temperature and Transport of La_{0.67}Ca_{0.33}MnO₃" J. Appl. Phys 80, 5158-5161 (November 1, 1996).
- 2. D.C. Worledge, L. Mieville, and T.H. Geballe, "On-site Coulomb Repulsion in the Small Polaron System La_cCa_{1-c}MnO₃," (in press) *Phys. Rev. Lett*.

Meetings:

Daniel Worledge presented a paper at American Physical Society March Meeting, Kansas City, MO., March 17-21, 1997.

Transitions:

None currently

New discoveries, inventions, or patent disclosures:

None

Honors/Awards:

D. Worledge, NSF Fellowship

Jeffrey Snyder graduated with a PhD in Applied Physics and is currently employed at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, California (available at University Microfiche, Ann Arbor, MI).